



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/753,052	12/28/2000	Ravi Kumar Arimilli	AUS920000679US1	9307
42640	7590	10/07/2004	EXAMINER	
DILLON & YUDELL LLP 8911 NORTH CAPITAL OF TEXAS HWY SUITE 2110 AUSTIN, TX 78759			HARKNESS, CHARLES A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2183	

DATE MAILED: 10/07/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 09/753,052	Applicant(s) ARIMILLI ET AL.	
	Examiner Charles A Harkness	Art Unit 2183	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 June 2004.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

1. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McCrory, U.S. Patent Number 6,513,057 (herein referred to as McCrory) in view of Jayakumar U.S. Patent Number 5,904,733 (herein referred to as Jayakumar) in further view of Derrick et al., U.S. Patent Number 5,704,058 (herein referred to as Derrick).

2. Referring to claim 1 McCrory has taught a data processing system comprising:
a first processor with a first operational characteristics on a system planar and a second heterogenous processor on said system planar (McCrory column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 8),

wherein said interconnection means enables said first processor and said second, heterogenous processor to collectively operate as a symmetric multiprocessor (SMP) system (McCrory column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 8; the processors can be from different processor families altogether, or can be from the same family can be different processor models);

Wherein said interconnection means and said enhanced operating system support backward and forward compatibility amongst said first processor (McCrory column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 40; the processors of the same family will be

Art Unit: 2183

backwards compatible with the other processors in the same family, the Intel 80486 and Pentium, which are discussed would have the Pentium being backwards compatible with the 80486).

McCroy has not taught having an interconnection means for later connecting a second, heterogeneous processor on said system planar. Jayakumar has taught adding additional processors in an SMP environment (Jayakumar column 1 lines 10-26). Although Jayakumar has taught a traditional SMP environment, while McCroy has taught a heterogeneous SMP system, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would recognize the benefit it adding additional processors, from different families, or from the same families of processors, to increase the resources and computing power of the system as a whole. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have an interconnection means for later connecting a second, heterogeneous processor to increase the system's processing power.

McCroy and Jayakumar have not taught:

An enhanced operating system (OS) that supports inter-processing operations between said first processor and said second processor including cache coherency operations based on a collective memory configuration of the SMP, wherein said OS logs operating characteristics and cache topology data of each processor connected to the interconnection means to calculate a most efficient work allocation among processors (;

and said second heterogeneous processor and provides system centric enhancements for inter-processor operations including cache intervention, prefetching, and intelligent cache states.

Derrick has taught:

An enhanced operating system (OS) that supports inter-processing operations between said first processor and said second processor including cache coherency operations based on a collective memory configuration of the SMP, wherein said OS logs operating characteristics and cache topology data of each processor connected to the interconnection means to calculate a most efficient work allocation among processors (Derrick column 1 lines 15-57, column 3 lines 7-17);

and provides system centric enhancements for inter-processor operations including cache intervention, prefetching, and intelligent cache states (Derrick column 1 lines 15-57, column 3 lines 7-17). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an enhanced cache system for a system containing a plurality of processors. Derrick has taught how to provide optimized bus bandwidth for the caches (Derrick column 2 lines 4-22). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an enhanced cache system for a system containing a plurality of processors to allow for optimized bus bandwidth.

3. Referring to claim 2 the combination of McCrory, Jayakumar, and Derrick has taught further comprising a second, heterogenous processor connected to said system bus via said interconnect means, wherein said second, heterogenous processor includes different physical component parameters and operational characteristics than said first processor, wherein said different physical component parameters include one or more of a higher number of cache levels, larger cache sizes, improved cache hierarchy, cache intervention, and larger number of on-chip processors (Derrick column 1 lines 15-57, column 3 lines 7-17).

Art Unit: 2183

4. Referring to claims 3 and 15 the combination of McCrory, Jayakumar, and Derrick has taught different levels of caches, cache states, and shared caches amongst processors (Derrick column 1 lines 15-57, column 3 lines 7-17).
5. Referring to claims 4 and 17 McCrory has taught wherein said interconnect means is coupled to a system bus and comprises a plurality of buses for connecting additional processors to said system bus, and buses comprising a system data bus, base address bus, master processor select bus, base snoop response bus, and extended snoop response bus (Derrick column 1 lines 15-column 2 line 22, column 3 lines 7-17), wherein each bus includes one or more pins that are set to indicate a particular condition (McCrory column 6 lines 9-65).
6. Referring to claims 5 and 18 the combination of McCrory, Jayakumar, and Derrick has taught wherein said master processor select bus includes a first set of pins, each connected to an added processor, wherein when one of said pins is set to an active state, the connected processors operates as master (McCrory column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 40; column 8 lines 42-50, column 7 lines 34-43; interrupt pins would be required to communicate the interrupts to the system).
7. Referring to claims 6 and 19 the combination of McCrory, Jayakumar, and Derrick has taught wherein said read operation is snooped by a second added processor with a cache line in R coherency state, the second added processor drives the extended snoop response bus (Derrick column 1 lines 15-column 2 line 22, column 3 lines 7-17).
8. Referring to claims 7 and 20 the combination of McCrory, Jayakumar, and Derrick has not explicitly taught wherein said operational characteristics includes an instruction ordering mechanism, and said first processor and second a processor utilizes a different one of a plurality

Art Unit: 2183

of instruction ordering mechanism from among in-order processing, out-of-order processing, and robust out-of order processing.

McCroy has taught wherein said operational characteristics includes frequency, and said second, heterogenous processor operates at a higher a frequency than said first processor (McCroy column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 8; the SMP includes processors from the same families, and from different families, which will be running at different clock speeds).

However, McCroy has taught using heterogenous processors from different families together in a SMP system (McCroy column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 40).

Each card will employ a plurality of processors from the same family. And one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that the different families of processors have different instruction execution techniques, including out-of-order techniques for instruction execution (i.e. DEC systems will not have the same ordering system as the Intel processors). And since certain families of processors would be picked by the designer for executing different types of applications, the families of processors included would simply be a design choice. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include heterogeneous processors that include different instruction ordering techniques in the different processors because the processors used would be a design choice.

9. Referring to claims 8 and 16 the combination of McCroy, Jayakumar, and Derrick has taught wherein all caches are sectored into widths representing a smallest width cache line that is accessible within the overall system (Derrick column 1 lines 15-column 2 line 22, column 3 lines 7-17).

Art Unit: 2183

10. Referring to claim 9 the combination of McCrory, Jayakumar, and Derrick has taught further comprising a switch that provides direct point-to-point connection between said first processor and later added processors (McCrory column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 8, figure 3; all of the processors on separate cards are connected through the bus interface system in which they communicate with each other).

11. Referring to claim 10 the combination of McCrory, Jayakumar, and Derrick has taught a method for upgrading processing capabilities of a data processing system comprising:

providing a plurality of interrupt pins from a system bus on a system planar (McCrory column 8 lines 42-50, column 7 lines 34-43; interrupt pins would be required to communicate the interrupts to the system);

enabling direct connection of a new, heterogenous processor to said system planar via said interrupt pins (McCrory column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 40; the processors can be from different processor families altogether, or can be from the same family can be different processor models); and

interrupt pins coupled to said system bus that provide connection for at least one of said plurality of heterogenous processors (McCrory column 8 lines 42-50, column 7 lines 34-43; interrupt pins would be required to communicate the interrupts to the system);

providing support for full backward compatibility by said heterogenous processor when said processor comprises more advanced operational characteristics to enable said data processing system to operate as symmetric multiprocessor system (McCrory column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 40; the processors of the same family will be

Art Unit: 2183

backwards compatible with the other processors in the same family, the Intel 80486 and Pentium, which are discussed would have the Pentium being backwards compatible with the 80486).

McCroy has not taught enabling direct connection of a new, heterogeneous processor to said system planar via said interrupt pins. Jayakumar has taught adding additional processors in an SMP environment (Jayakumar column 1 lines 10-26). Although Jayakumar has taught a traditional SMP environment, while McCroy has taught a heterogeneous SMP system, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would recognize the benefit it adding additional processors, from different families, or from the same families of processors, to increase the resources and computing power of the system as a whole. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to enabling direct connection of a new, heterogeneous processor to increase the system's processing power.

McCroy and Jayakumar has not taught:

An enhanced operating system (OS) that supports inter-processing operations between said first processor and said second processor including cache coherency operations based on a collective memory configuration of the SMP, wherein said OS logs operating characteristics and cache topology data of each processor connected to the interconnection means to calculate a most efficient work allocation among processors (;

and said second heterogeneous processor and provides system centric enhancements for inter-processor operations including cache intervention, prefetching, and intelligent cache states.

Derrick has taught:

An enhanced operating system (OS) that supports inter-processing operations between said first processor and said second processor including cache coherency operations based on a

Art Unit: 2183

collective memory configuration of the SMP, wherein said OS logs operating characteristics and cache topology data of each processor connected to the interconnection means to calculate a most efficient work allocation among processors (Derrick column 1 lines 15-57, column 3 lines 7-17);

and provides system centric enhancements for inter-processor operations including cache intervention, prefetching, and intelligent cache states (Derrick column 1 lines 15-57, column 3 lines 7-17). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an enhanced cache system for a system containing a plurality of processors. Derrick has taught how to provide optimized bus bandwidth for the caches (Derrick column 2 lines 4-22). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an enhanced cache system.

12. Referring to claim 11 the combination of McCrory, Jayakumar, and Derrick has taught wherein said providing support includes implementing an enhanced system bus protocol to support said new, heterogenous processor (McCrory column 6 lines 9-65; the bus interface converter allow the different processors to communicate with each other in the system).

13. Claims 12-14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McCrory and Derrick.

14. Referring to claim 12 the combination of McCrory and Derrick has taught a multiprocessor system comprising:

a plurality of heterogenous processors with different operational characteristics and physical topology connected on a system planar (McCrory abstract figure 3, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 8);

Art Unit: 2183

a system bus that supports system centric operations (McCrary column 2 lines 36-67);
interrupt pins coupled to said system bus that provide connection for at least one of said plurality of heterogenous processors (McCrary column 8 lines 42-50, column 7 lines 34-43; interrupt pins would be required to communicate the interrupts to the system);
an enhanced system bus protocol that supports downward compatibility of newer processors that support advanced operational characteristics from among said plurality of processors to processors that do not support said advance operation characteristics (McCrary column 6 lines 9-65; the bus interface converter allow the different processors to communicate with each other in the system).

Wherein said interconnection means and said enhanced operating system support backward and forward compatibility amongst said first processor (McCrary column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 40; the processors of the same family will be backwards compatible with the other processors in the same family, the Intel 80486 and Pentium, which are discussed would have the Pentium being backwards compatible with the 80486).
McCroy has not taught:

An enhanced operating system (OS) that supports inter-processing operations between said first processor and said second processor including cache coherency operations based on a collective memory configuration of the SMP, wherein said OS logs operating characteristics and cache topology data of each processor connected to the interconnection means to calculate a most efficient work allocation among processors (;

and said second heterogeneous processor and provides system centric enhancements for inter-processor operations including cache intervention, prefetching, and intelligent cache states.

Art Unit: 2183

Derrick has taught:

An enhanced operating system (OS) that supports inter-processing operations between said first processor and said second processor including cache coherency operations based on a collective memory configuration of the SMP, wherein said OS logs operating characteristics and cache topology data of each processor connected to the interconnection means to calculate a most efficient work allocation among processors (Derrick column 1 lines 15-57, column 3 lines 7-17);

and provides system centric enhancements for inter-processor operations including cache intervention, prefetching, and intelligent cache states (Derrick column 1 lines 15-57, column 3 lines 7-17). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an enhanced cache system for a system containing a plurality of processors. Derrick has taught how to provide optimized bus bandwidth for the caches (Derrick column 2 lines 4-22). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide an enhanced cache system.

15. Referring to claim 13 the combination of McCrory and Derrick has taught further comprising a switch that provides direct point-to-point connection between each of said plurality of processors and later added processors (McCrory column 2 lines 27-47, abstract, column 5 line 66-column 6 line 8, figure 3; all of the processors on separate cards are connected through the bus interface system in which they communicate with each other).

16. Referring to claim 14 the combination of McCrory and Derrick has not explicitly taught wherein said plurality of processors includes heterogenous processor topologies including

Art Unit: 2183

different cache sizes, cache states, number of cache levels, and number of processors on a single processor chip.

However, McCrory has taught using heterogenous processors from different families together in a SMP system (McCrory column 2 lines 27-47, abstract). Each card will employ a plurality of processors from the same family. And since certain families of processors would be picked by the designer for executing different types of applications, the families of processors included would simply be a design choice. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include heterogeneous processors that include different cache systems and different cache sizes in the different processors because the processors used would be a design choice.

Response to Arguments

17. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

Art Unit: 2183

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles A Harkness whose telephone number is 703-305-7579 and after 10/12/04 703-272-4167. The examiner can normally be reached on 8Flex.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie Chan can be reached on 703-305-9712. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Charles Allen Harkness

Examiner

Art Unit 2183

September 30, 2004


EDDIE CHAN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100